

VZORCE INTEGRÁLY

$$\int k dx = k * x + c$$

$$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + c$$

$$\int x^a dx = \frac{x^{a+1}}{a+1} + c \text{ (kde } a \neq -1)$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \operatorname{tg} x + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln|x| + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} dx = -\operatorname{cot} g x + c$$

$$\int e^x dx = e^x + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \operatorname{arctg} x + c$$

$$\int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln a} + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \operatorname{arcsin} x + c$$

$$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + c$$

$$\int k * f = k * \int f$$

$$\int f \pm g = \int f \pm \int g$$

Per partes

$$\int f * g' = f * g - \int f' * g$$

Substitute

$$\int f(g) * g' dx = \int f(y) dy = F(y) + c = F(g) + c$$

Další speciální vzorce

$$\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \ln|f| + c$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 + a} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{\sqrt{a}} + c$$

$$\int f(ax + b) dx = \frac{1}{a} F(ax + b) + c$$

$$\int f(x) * f'(x) dx = \frac{1}{2} f^2(x) + c$$